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## ALGEBRAIC CYCLES AND FANO THREEFOLDS OF GENUS 10

BY ROBERT LATERVEER

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ABSTRACT. — We show that prime Fano threefolds  $Y$  of genus 10 have a multiplicative Chow–Künneth decomposition, in the sense of Shen–Vial. As a consequence, a certain tautological subring of the Chow ring of powers of  $Y$  injects into cohomology.

RÉSUMÉ (*Cycles algébriques et solides de Fano de genre 10*). — Soit  $Y$  un solide de Fano d’indice 1 et de genre 10. On montre que  $Y$  admet une décomposition de Chow–Künneth multiplicative, au sens de Shen–Vial. Il s’ensuit qu’un certain sous-anneau “tautologique” de l’anneau de Chow des puissances de  $Y$  s’injecte en cohomologie.

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## 1. Introduction

Given a smooth projective variety  $Y$  over  $\mathbb{C}$ , let

$$A^i(Y) := CH^i(Y)_{\mathbb{Q}}$$

denote the Chow groups of  $Y$  (i.e. the groups of codimension  $i$  algebraic cycles on  $Y$  with  $\mathbb{Q}$ -coefficients, modulo rational equivalence). The intersection product defines a ring structure on  $A^*(Y) = \bigoplus_i A^i(Y)$ , the Chow ring of  $Y$  [11]. In the case of K3 surfaces, this ring has a remarkable property:

**THEOREM 1.1** (Beauville–Voisin [3]). — *Let  $S$  be a K3 surface. The  $\mathbb{Q}$ -subalgebra*

$$\langle A^1(S), c_j(S) \rangle \subset A^*(S)$$

*injects into cohomology under the cycle class map.*

The Chow ring of abelian varieties also exhibits particular behaviour: there is a multiplicative splitting [1]. Motivated by the cases of K3 surfaces and abelian varieties, Beauville [2] has conjectured that for certain special varieties, the Chow ring should admit a multiplicative splitting (and a certain subring should inject into cohomology). To make concrete sense of Beauville’s elusive “splitting property conjecture”, Shen–Vial [47] have introduced the concept of *multiplicative Chow–Künneth decomposition*; we will abbreviate this to “MCK decomposition” (for the precise definition, cf. Section 3 below).

It is something of a challenge to understand precisely which varieties admit an MCK decomposition. To give an idea of what is known: hyperelliptic curves have an MCK decomposition [47, Example 8.16], but the very general curve of genus  $\geq 3$  does not have an MCK decomposition [9, Example 2.3]; K3 surfaces have an MCK decomposition, but certain high degree surfaces in  $\mathbb{P}^3$  do not have an MCK decomposition (cf. the examples given in [41]). In this note, we will focus on Fano threefolds and ask the following question:

**QUESTION 1.2.** — *Let  $X$  be a Fano threefold with Picard number 1. Does  $X$  admit an MCK decomposition?*

The restriction on the Picard number is necessary to rule out a counterexample of Beauville [2, Examples 9.1.5]. The answer to Question 1.2 is affirmative for cubic threefolds [6], [9], for intersections of two quadrics [30], for intersections of a quadric and a cubic [31] and for prime Fano threefolds of genus 8 [29].

The main result of this note answers Question 1.2 for one more family:

**THEOREM (= Theorem 5.1).** — *Let  $Y$  be a prime Fano threefold of genus 10. Then  $Y$  has a multiplicative Chow–Künneth decomposition.*

The argument proving Theorem 5.1 is based on the connections between  $Y$  and a certain genus 2 curve, and between  $Y$  and an index 2 Fano threefold  $Z$  (cf. Theorem 2.2). The work of Kuznetsov [20], [21], [23], building these connections on a categorical level inside the set-up of *homological projective duality*, allows us to establish the instances of the *Franchetta property* that are needed to prove the theorem.

Reaping the fruits of Theorem 5.1, we obtain a result concerning the *tautological ring*, which is a certain subring of the Chow ring of powers of  $Y$ :

**COROLLARY** (= Corollary 7.1). — *Let  $Y$  be a prime Fano threefold of genus 10, and  $m \in \mathbb{N}$ . Let*

$$R^*(Y^m) := \langle (p_i)^*(h), (p_{ij})^*(\Delta_Y) \rangle \subset A^*(Y^m)$$

*be the  $\mathbb{Q}$ -subalgebra generated by pullbacks of the polarization  $h \in A^1(Y)$  and pullbacks of the diagonal  $\Delta_Y \in A^3(Y \times Y)$ . The cycle class map induces injections*

$$R^*(Y^m) \hookrightarrow H^*(Y^m, \mathbb{Q}) \quad \text{for all } m \in \mathbb{N}.$$

This is the kind of injectivity result that motivated Beauville's work on the “splitting property conjecture” [2]. To paraphrase Corollary 7.1, one could say that genus 10 Fano threefolds behave like hyperelliptic curves from the point of view of intersection theory (cf. Remark 7.2 below).

*Conventions.* — In this article, the word *variety* will refer to a reduced irreducible scheme of finite type over  $\mathbb{C}$ . A *subvariety* is a (possibly reducible) reduced subscheme that is equidimensional.

**All Chow groups will be with rational coefficients:** we will denote by  $A_j(Y)$  the Chow group of  $j$ -dimensional cycles on  $Y$  with  $\mathbb{Q}$ -coefficients; for  $Y$  smooth of dimension  $n$  the notations  $A_j(Y)$  and  $A^{n-j}(Y)$  are used interchangeably. The notation  $A_{hom}^j(Y)$  will be used to indicate the subgroup of homologically trivial cycles. For a morphism  $f: X \rightarrow Y$ , we will write  $\Gamma_f \in A_*(X \times Y)$  for the graph of  $f$ .

The contravariant category of Chow motives (i.e. pure motives with respect to rational equivalence as in [46], [40]) will be denoted  $\mathcal{M}_{\text{rat}}$ .

## 2. Prime Fano threefolds of genus 10

The classification of Fano threefolds is one of the glories of twentieth century algebraic geometry [17]. Fano threefolds that are *prime* (i.e. with Picard group of rank 1 generated by the canonical divisor) come in 10 explicitly described families. In this paper, we will be concerned with one of these families: